Massa Vecchia

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Francesca Sfrondrini. Photo by Alex Finberg.

Profile

The Massa Vecchia farm is located in the upper Maremma in Tuscany, at the foot of the Metalliferous Hills, in the town of Massa Marittima. The farm was founded in 1985 by Fabrizio Niccolaini, who ran it with his wife Patrizia Bartolini until 2009. It is currently run by Francesca Sfrondrini, Patrizia's daughter, and her partners, Daniel and Ines Wattenhofer, Thomas Frischknecht and Rocco Delli Colli.

The farm consists of 6 hectares: 3.6 of vineyards, 1.5 of olives and 0.8 of cereal grain. It produces around 15,000 bottles of wine each year and olive oil in small quantities.

Working with nature has always been the philosophy at Massa Vecchia. The farm's products respect nature and the the cycles it imposes, where human beings are guardians who follow the natural processes without manipulating them. In this way the wine produced here reflects the land which gave rise to it.

The vineyards are worked solely by hand, with fertilizers from the farm, the only treatments used being sulphur and copper and with the fewest interventions possible on the land. No additional chemicals are used in the winery, and no sulfur is ever added during vinification or at bottling.

Visits

This visit at Massa Vecchia took place in November, 2011.



Words by Jules Dressner, photos by Alex Finberg.

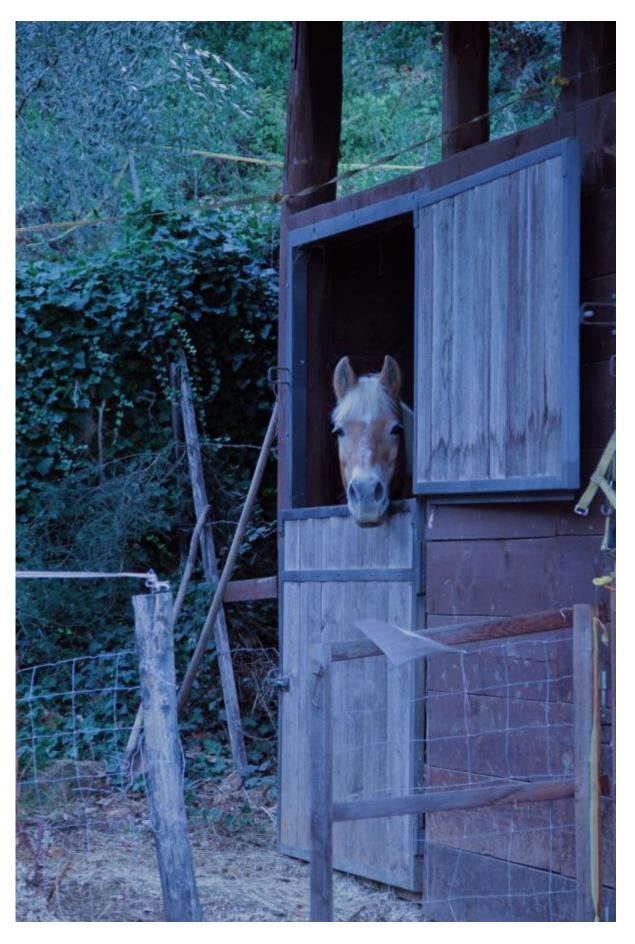
There is no highway to get to Massa Vecchia, and since the estate is high in the mountains, one must navigate the most twisty-turny route EVER.

Because we were late, Alex and Kevin were driving like mad men, taking those turns like Formula 1 racers. Mind you that I hadn't eaten breakfast because, although it is customary to eat insanely large dinners at <u>Sanguineto</u>, apparently breakfast is out of the question. When I woke up, nothing was set on the table and all Dora offered me was coffee.

The combination of an empty stomach, having just tasted a large amount of tannic, acidic red wines, twisty roads and Kevin's <u>Michael Schumacher</u> impersonation was too much. For the first time in my life, I got violently car sick. Luckily, Alex noticed something was wrong when I stuck my head out of the window and promptly pulled over. I rushed out in the nick of time and luckily, things didn't get messy.

Our Massa Veccia visit was to be a quick one and we were late. Kevin looked around and made some phone calls but Francesca was nowhere to be found. I took advantage of this to eat some white chocolate with macadamia nuts, the only thing I could find in the car.

Alas it was looking like we'd missed our chance and the most we were going to get out of the visit was my nausea and this picture Alex took of a donkey.



Kevin wrote a note on the two pack Dora had given us for Francesca, and we hopped back into the car. Alex turned on the engine and was about to pull out when we heard a van driving up the road. It was none other than Francesca Sfrondrini!



After letting us into the cellar, Francesca gave us the lowdown on 2011. It was a difficult vintage,

and she joked that right around harvest they were worried that they would be stuck with "1000 kilos of Passito!". They started harvesting in late August; in the end a few days of rain, along with some much needed cool nights, saved the day.

We spent the bulk of the visit in the cellar. If necessary, a small pied de cuve is made in this concrete tank.



Everything is then fermented in open chestnut vats, with the exception of the Rosato which ferments in stainless steel.



Francesca explained that they prefer working with big, neutral barrels.



The *Querciola*, made from 72 year old vines planted by Francesca's great-grandfather, is aged in the old, larger Rinaldi barrel you can see to my left.



Francesca also has some small cherry and chestnut barrels reserved for making their Sangiovese $\underline{\text{Vin}}$ $\underline{\text{Santo}}$.



Side Note: Francesca has the coolest pony tail I've ever seen.

As of this year, a new law has passed, and the wine has to be pressed before Christmas to be given the *Vin Santo* title. Francesca explained, however, that traditionally one does not press until late January, which is what she did. When Kevin asked why this law was passed the answer was simple:

"It benefits big companies who mass produce Passito."

In such, they will be obliged to label the wine as Passito, which is technically false because unlike other straw wine, Vin Santo is made by hanging hand picked grapes to dry from rafters, as opposed to laying them out to dry. Another distinction is that they are then fermented and aged in small cherry, chestnut or pear tree barrels and aged for much longer than the average Passito (up to ten years). Whenever she ends up bottling it, Francesca plans to explain on the back label that the wine was made traditionally but that the law forces them to label it incorrectly.

The visit was ending when I noticed a box that said: "Etichette McKenna."

Kevin wants you to know that, as official *Verifier of Winery Import Label Management* (V.W.I.L.M), everything at Massa Vecchia is in order.



Wines



IGT Bianco di Maremma Toscana "Bianco"

Soils: shale clay and palombino clay; chalky marl and chalky marble in alternate strata. **Grapes:** Vermentino, Trementino and Malvasia Bianca di Candia. Blend changes every year. **Vinification:** Fermented in oak, then aged one year in oak. Unfined, unfiltered, no added sulfur.



IGT Rosato di Marrema Toscana "Rosato"

Soil: sedimentary origin, from the Quaternary period.

Grapes: grapes and blend vary every year between Merlot, Cabernet Sauvignon, Aleatico and

Malvasia Nera.

Vinfication: One year in oak, no added sulfur.

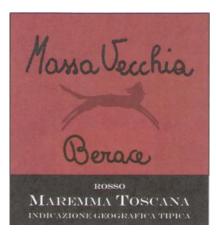


IGT Maremma Toscana Rosso "La Querciola"

Soil: shale clay and palombino clay; chalky marl and chalky marble in alternate strata.

Grapes: 80% Sangiovese, 20% Alicante.

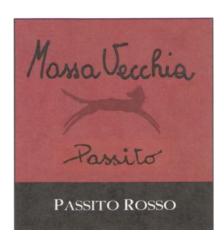
Vinification: Fermented in oak, then aged two year in oak. Unfined, unfiltered, no added sulfur.



IGT Maremma Toscana "Berace"

Soil: sedimentary origin, from the Quaternary period.

Grapes: grapes and blend vary every year between Sangiovese, Merlot and Cabernet Sauvignon. Vinification: Fermented in oak, then aged one year in oak. Unfined, unfiltered, no added sulfur.



Passito Rosso

Soil: shale clay and palombino clay; chalky marl and chalky marble in alternate strata.

Grape: Aleatico

Vinification:: Fully ripe grapes are dried on racks, then aged in small oak containers for one year.